



# Mobilizing EAFRD to implement Natura 2000

## LIFE IP Platform meeting

Brussels, October the 16th, 2019

**Julie LEBEAU**  
Life BNIP mission leader  
[jlebeau@natagriwal.be](mailto:jlebeau@natagriwal.be)  
0493 93 44 60



### Partners





# Plan of presentation



1. Context: the Walloon territory
2. Walloon Rural Development Program
  1. Agri-Environment and Climate Methods
  2. Natura 2000 compensations
  3. Restoration of Natura 2000 habitats
3. Other subsidies
4. A concrete example: riparian forest plantation in agricultural landscapes
5. What about forest habitats?

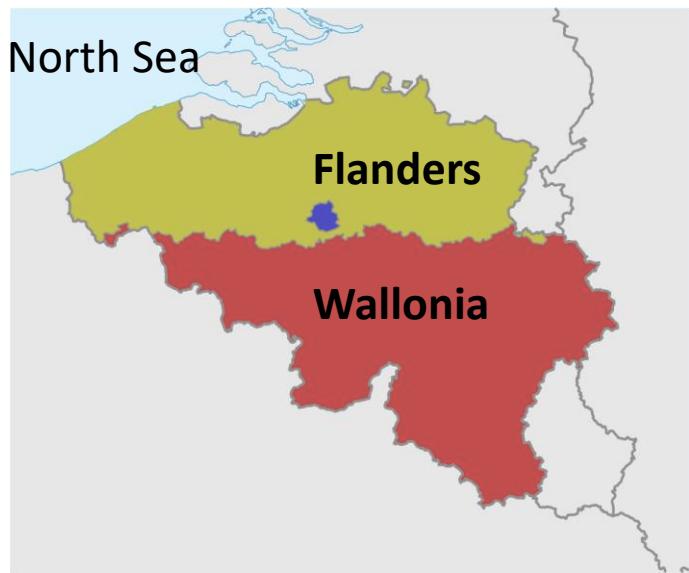


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# Context: the Walloon territory



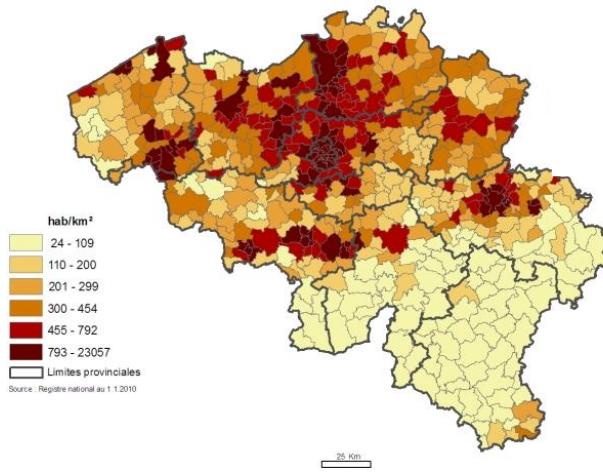
# Context: the Walloon territory



## Wallonia

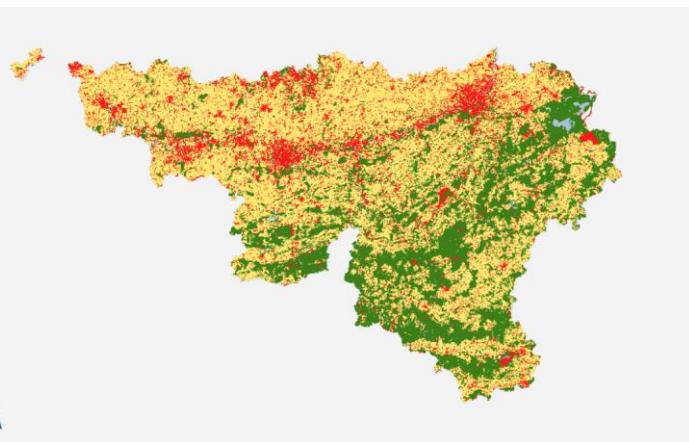
- 16 800 km<sup>2</sup>

# Context: the Walloon territory

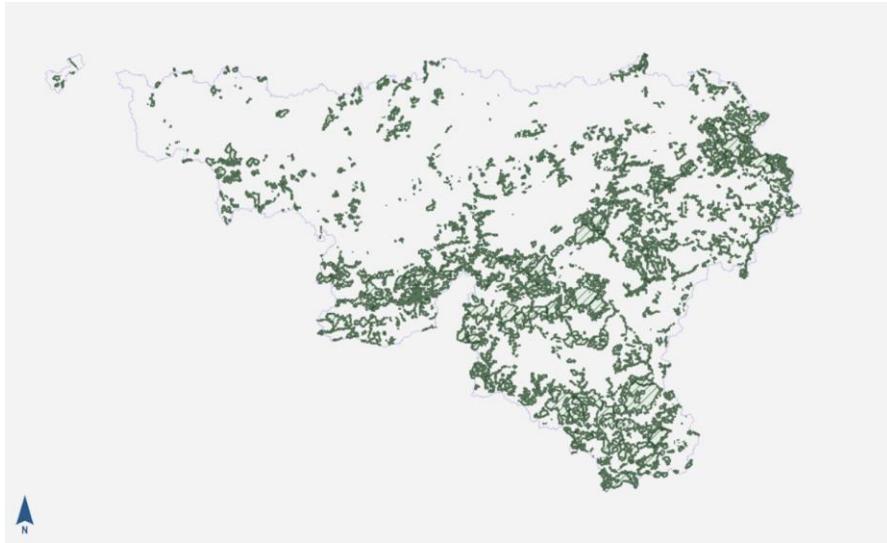


## Wallonia

- 16 800 km<sup>2</sup>
- 55% of territory is rural area
- Utilized Agriculture Area: 42,5% of territory



# Context: the Walloon territory



## Wallonia

- 16 800 km<sup>2</sup>
- 55% of territory is rural area
- Utilized Agriculture Area: 42,5% of territory
- Natura 2000: 221 000 ha
  - 13% of Wallonia
  - 28% of the walloon forests
  - 5 % of the UAA



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# Walloon Rural Development Program: nature-oriented



Priorities and targets	Measures	Total	% of walloon RDP
Priority 4: Restoring and preserving ecosystems	Agri-environnemental and Climatic Schemes (AECS)	147 500 000 €	22,5
	Natura 2000 compensations	39 125 000 €	6
	Restoration of Natura 2000 habitats	8 000 000 €	1,2
TOTAL		654 454 829 €	100

60 % Walloon Region  
40 % European Union

Source: [https://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/sites/agriculture/files/rural-development-2014-2020/country-files/be/factsheet-wallonia\\_en.pdf](https://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/sites/agriculture/files/rural-development-2014-2020/country-files/be/factsheet-wallonia_en.pdf)

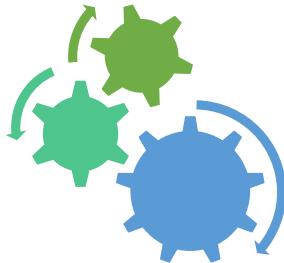
# Walloon Rural Development Program: nature-oriented



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Développement Rural

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€

- Mandatory system
- Legal designations of the zones
- Legal obligations to be respected
- No limit in time
- All rural landowners (not only farmers)

- Agricultural area
  - Low constraints: 100 € /year ha
  - High constraints: 440 €/year/ha
- Forest area
  - 40 €/year/ha for indigenous forests

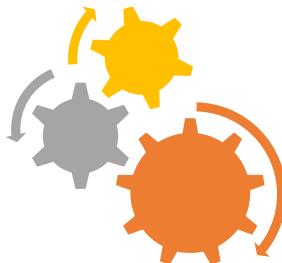
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€

- Voluntary system
- Voluntary choice of the zones
- Specifications of the AECM to be respected
- 5 year contract
- Farmers
- Depending on the target and on the level of constraints
  - Example: grasslands/meadows
    - « Low » constraints : 200 € /ha/year
    - High constraints: 450 € /ha/year

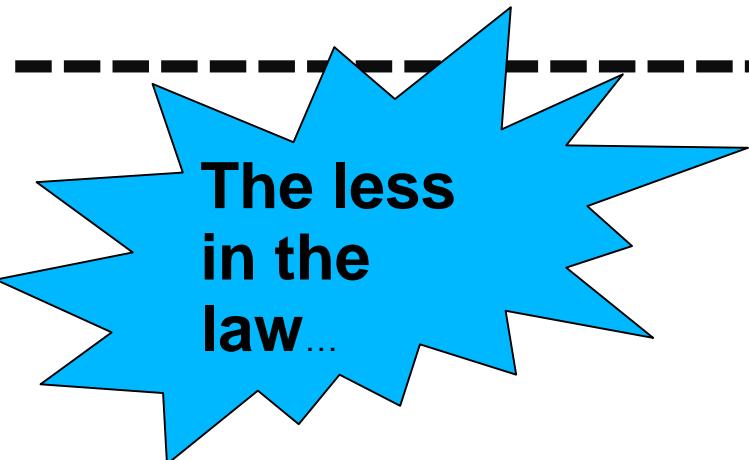
# AECM: link with Natura 2000

## In the network

- AECM: more restrictive specifications
  - Better conservation of habitats
  - € : combinable with N2000 compensations

## Out of the network

- N2000 habitats conservation
- N2000 species conservation and habitat improvement



The less  
in the  
law...



... the most in  
the  
specifications

Designed specifications to improve targeted habitat/ species

# AECM: link with Natura 2000: exemple of grasslands

## In the network



No intervention before 15/06  
and no fertilization  
440 €

To go further



No intervention before 15/07  
+ livestock loads restrictions

690 €



## Out of the network



≠ targets  
1) Habitats  
2) Species

≠ requirements  
Date of intervention  
Livestock loads  
...

450 €

# Walloon Rural Development Program: nature-oriented

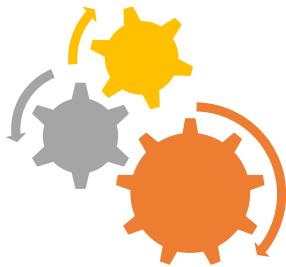


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# Restoration of Natura 2000 habitats



€

- In the N2000 network
- For every landowner or land manager
- 100% subsidized  
(60% Walloon Region - 40% RDP)





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# Other subsidies

## Extract from the Walloon P.A.F. 2021-2027

### ***Other (mainly national) funding for Natura 2000, green infrastructure and species protection in 2014-2020:***

*Total financing allocated to implementation of EU nature policy and associated green infrastructure, for measures or projects not benefiting from any EU co-funding: 4 454 500 €*

- *Voluntary implementation of Natura 2000 conservation measures going beyond the mandatory baseline (100 % payments by Walloon budget) : 400 000 €*
- *Management of natural reserves mainly concerned by Natura 2000 : 350 000 €*
- *Nature contracts : 14 000 €*
- *Green infrastructure*
  - *Late mowing : 50 000 €*
  - ***hedge subsidies: 300 000 €***
  - *Maya plan: 150 000 €*
  - ***Municipality Nature Development Plan: 300 000€***
  - *Nature Park: 3 000 000 €*

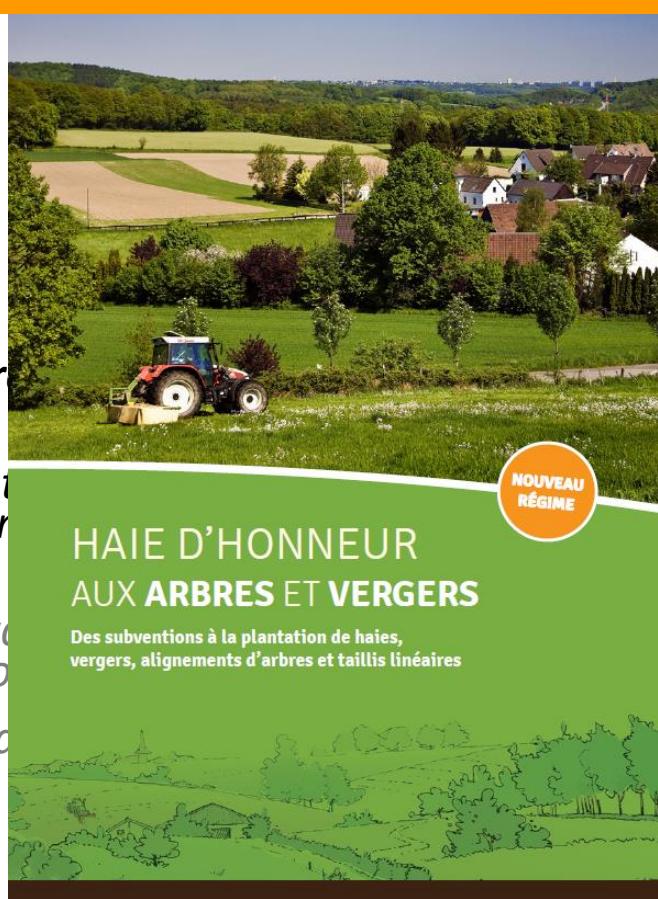
# Other subsidies

## Extract from the Walloon P.A.F. 2021-2027

### ***Other (mainly national) funding for Natura 2000, green infrastructure and species protection in 2014-2020:***

*Total financing allocated to implementation of EU nature directives, green infrastructure, for measures or projects not being funded by the EU: 4 454 500 €*

- *Voluntary implementation of Natura 2000 conservation measures above the mandatory baseline (100 % payments by Wallonia)*
- *Management of natural reserves mainly concerned by the Natura 2000 network*
- *Nature contracts : 14 000 €*
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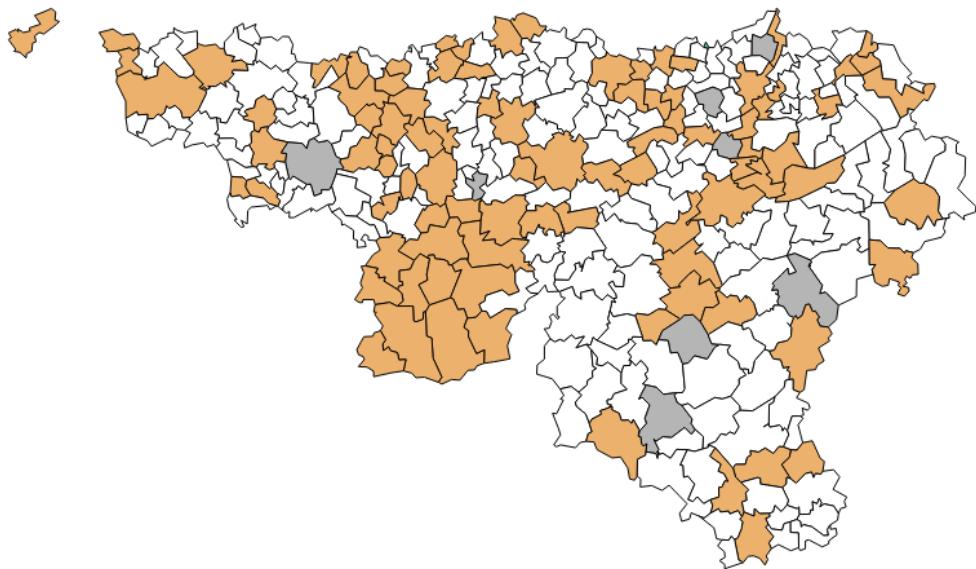
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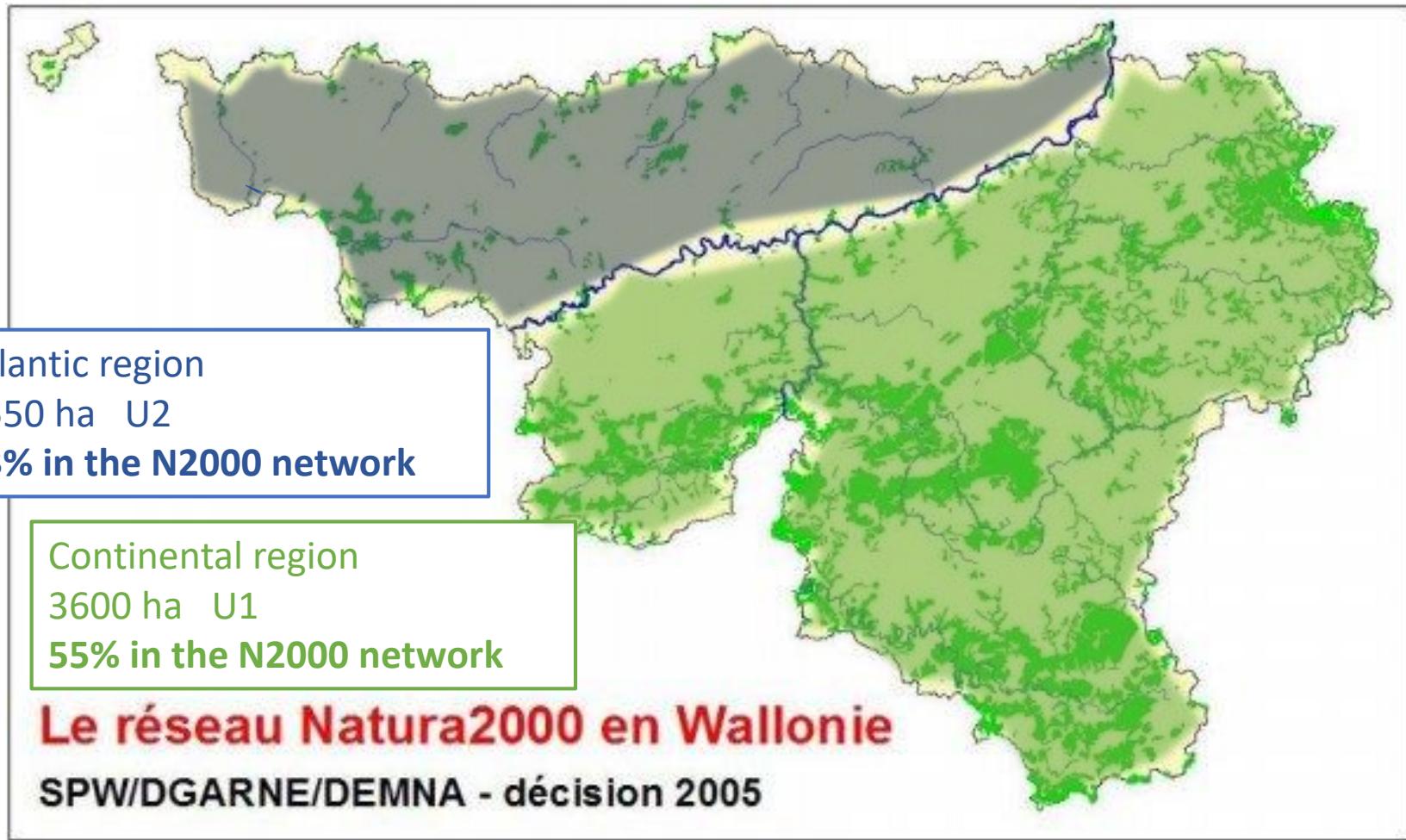
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# 91E0: Habitat repartition and conservation status in Wallonia

(Estimation 2013<sup>1</sup>) 5150 ha of alluvial forest in Wallonia



<sup>1</sup>Inventaire permanent des ressources forestières de Wallonie, cartographie habitats Natura 2000

# Habitat protection: forested areas



## UG 7: alluvial forest

No blank cut  
No transformation of forest stand  
No enrichment with exotic species



**Domanial and public forests:**  
habitat 91EO should be protected



## Law for nature conservation (LCN 1973), forest code

No plantation, sylviculture and/or natural regeneration of whitewood at 6m, 12m or 25m (depending on the inclusion in the Natura 2000 network and on the public or private nature of the property)



The less protected alluvia forests (or potential alluvial forest) are outside the Natura 2000 network and owned by private landowners

# Habitat protection: agricultural landscape



## General measure

No tree felling alongside rivers if the cut represents more than 30% of the tree alignment/ hedgerow for a total period of 10 years

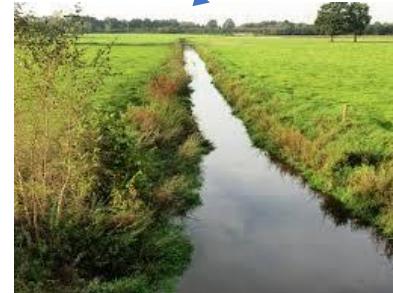


## Law for nature conservation (LCN 1973), CoDT, water quality...

Permit for tree and hedgerows felling if visible from the public domain  
Streams and rivers in pastures must be fenced but not everywhere



# Life BNIP objectives in Wallonia for 91E0



Replace exotic  
(coniferous) plantations  
by alluvial forests

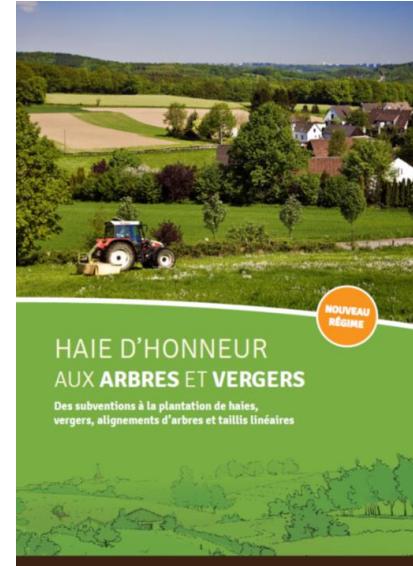
Plant riparian forest to  
reconnect fragments of  
remaining alluvial forests



# Subsidizing riparian forest plantations...



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# Subsidizing riparian forest plantations... in the N2000 network



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Using subsidies for  
habitat restoration



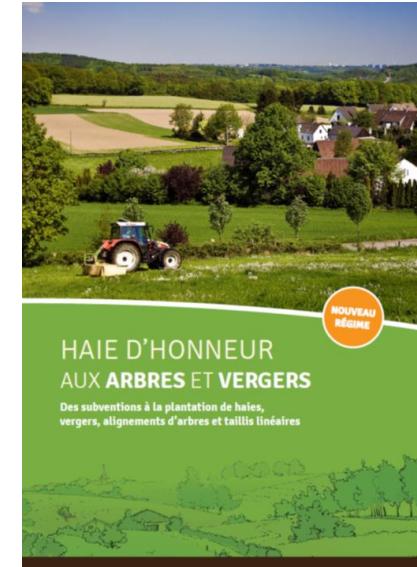
AECM

- Small compensation  
25 € / 200 m

# Subsidizing riparian forest plantations... out of the network



Subsidies for hedges  
plantations



AECM

- Small compensation  
25 € / 200 m



Local dynamic



# Finding solutions

The less  
in the  
law...

## New variant of existing AECM

### « Surface waters protection »



Max. 20 m wide from the bank crest

General terms of high biological value  
grasslands

A riparian forest is present or must be  
planted (max 10 m. wide)

450 € /ha/year

... the most in  
the  
specifications



Using subsidies for habitat  
restoration



New AECM



Using subsidies for hedges  
plantations



Try to involve municipalities  
in the plantations



New AECM

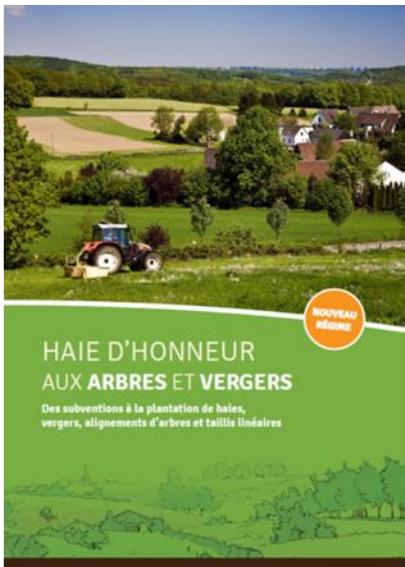


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# Using other fundings for *Barbastella barbastellus*



Create a network of hedgerows to reconnect 2 large forested areas where colonies were identified





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**Using RDP to implement Forestry-Environmental Measures?**

# Conclusions

EAFRD



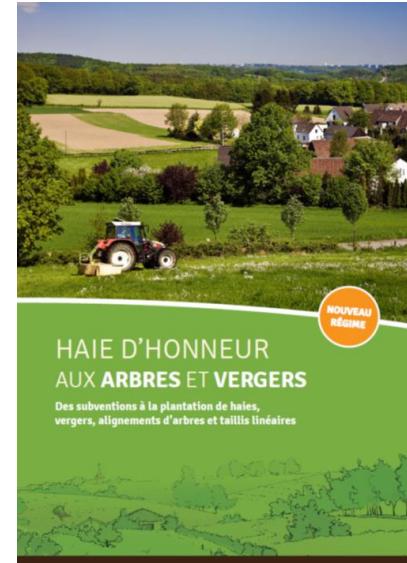
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+ using flexibility to  
activate new possibilities

... the most in  
the specifications

Other sources



## Questions?



Thank you for your attention

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